

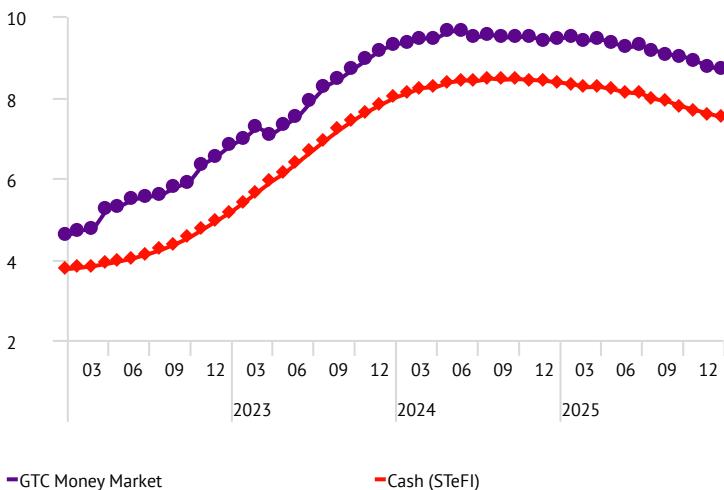
# GTC Money Market

As of 31/12/2025

## Rolling returns (%)

Time Period: 01/01/2021 to 31/12/2025

Rolling Window: 1 Year 1 Month shift



## Investment mandate and objectives

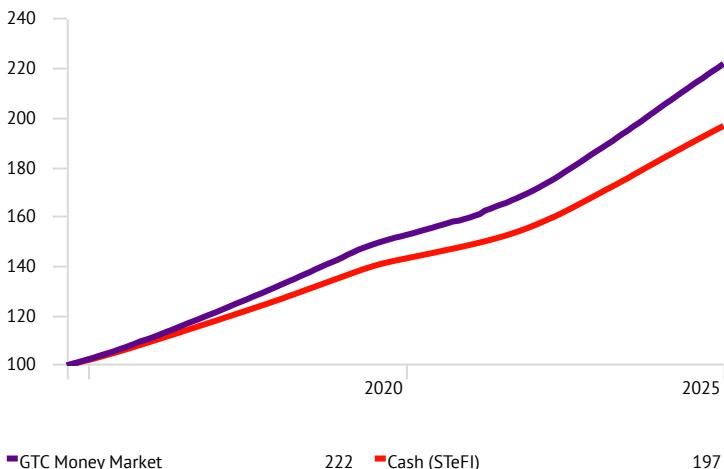
The primary investment objective of the Fund is to generate real positive returns over time through the active management of a combination of money market, bond and income generating instruments. The strategy and investment mandate of the fund has a focus on income generation, with downside protection of capital.

## Features:

The fund will primarily invest in a range of fixed income securities including instruments guaranteed by the Republic of South Africa, gilts, semi-gilts, loan stock, preference shares, debentures, debenture stock, debenture bonds, unsecured notes, financially sound listed property investments, participatory interest in collective investment schemes and any other instruments guaranteed by the Republic of South Africa which are considered consistent with the fund's primary objective. The fund has a weighted average duration of 180 days.

## Longest history cumulative performance (%)

Time Period: 01/09/2015 to 31/12/2025



## Fund facts:

Multi manager: GTC

Benchmark: SteFI

Risk profile: Low Risk

## Investment manager:

Taquanta 100%

## Performance (%)

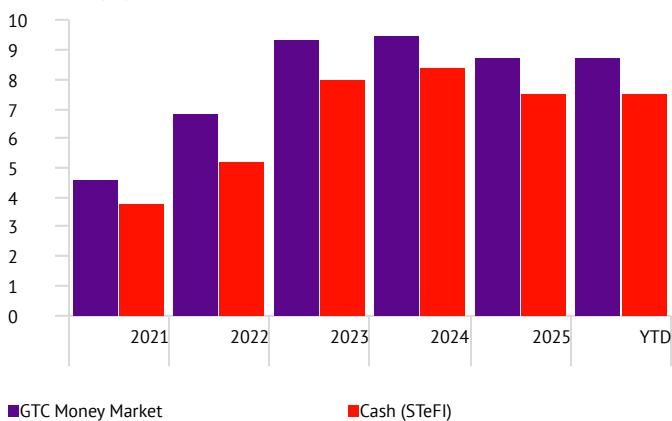
	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Money Market	7.69	7.78	9.17	8.70
Cash (STeFI)	6.52	6.57	7.98	7.52

\*Annualised

Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows

## Calendar year returns (%)

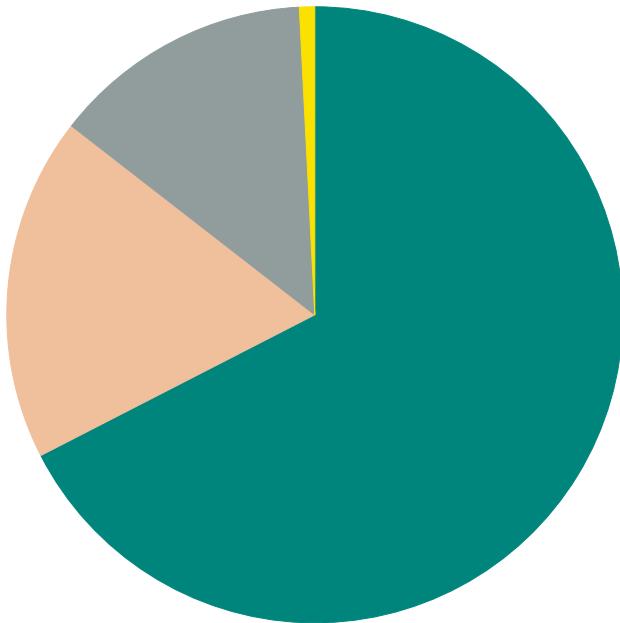
As of Date: 31/12/2025



# GTC Money Market

As of 31/12/2025

Instrument type	Exposure (%)
• Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	67.45
• Floating Rate Note	18.06
• Credit Linked Note	13.69
• Other	0.80
• Fixed Deposit	0.00
• Treasury Bill	0.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>



Updated quarterly  
Exposure may reflect as zero due to rounding

## Glossary

### Negotiable certificate of deposit

A financial instrument with a fixed interest rate that can be traded in the secondary market allowing investors to buy and sell the instrument to other investors before maturity.

### Floating rate note

A financial instrument that has an interest rate that fluctuates based on a specified benchmark, adjusting periodically to reflect market conditions.

### Credit linked note

A financial instrument backed by loans, enabling the issuer to transfer credit risk to the investors. In exchange for taking on this credit risk, investors receive higher interest payments compared to conventional bonds.

### Fixed deposit

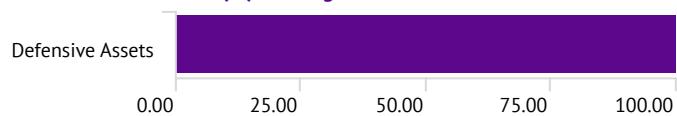
A financial instrument that allows investors to invest a specific amount of money at a fixed interest rate over a fixed duration.

### Treasury Bill

A financial instrument issued by the government sold at a discount to the face value. The investor does not receive interest payments however the investor earns a profit at maturity which is the difference between purchase price and face value.

Asset class	Exposure (%)
Local Bond	31.79
Local Cash	68.21

### Investment allocation (%): Strategies



### Top 10 local holdings

	Exposure (%)
FirstRand Bank Ltd NCD 29/07/2026	5.08
Nedbank Ltd NCD 24/04/2028	4.89
Standard Bank NCD 30/07/2026	3.90
Absa Bank Ltd NCD 2027/04/05	3.81
Investec Bank Limited FRN 06/02/2027	3.79
FirstRand Bank Ltd NCD 02/02/2026	3.77
Firstrand Bank Limited NCD 9/3/2032	3.74
Absa Bank Limited FRN 05/04/2026	3.25
Absa Bank Limited NCD 7/4/2029	3.25
Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd (The) NCD 2027/11/02	2.91
<b>Total</b>	<b>38.39</b>

Updated quarterly

Issuer	Exposure (%)
ABSA Bank Limited	24.69
Standard Bank of South Africa Limited	24.05
Firstrand Bank Limited	21.53
Nedbank Limited	20.82
Investec Bank Limited	4.87
BNP Paribas	2.16
Amber House Fund 7 (RF) Limited	1.58
The Thekwini Fund 17 (RF) Limited	0.30
China Construction Bank Corp - JHB Branch	0.00

Updated quarterly  
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As of 31/12/2025

## Market performance ranking

As of Date: 31/12/2025    Currency: Rand

Best ↑	Global Emerging Markets 24.0	Local Property 36.9	Local Cash 5.2	Global Developed Markets 34.0	Local Property 29.0	Local Equity 42.6
↓	Global Developed Markets 21.5	Global Developed Markets 32.9	Local Equity 4.4	Global Emerging Markets 18.9	Global Developed Markets 21.9	Local Property 30.6
	Global Bonds 15.4	Local Equity 27.1	Local Bonds 4.3	Global Bonds 13.9	Local Bonds 17.2	Local Bonds 24.2
	Local Bonds 8.6	Local Bonds 8.4	Local Property 0.5	Local Property 10.1	Local Equity 13.4	Global Emerging Markets 17.4
	Local Cash 5.5	Global Emerging Markets 6.3	Global Developed Markets -13.2	Local Bonds 9.7	Global Emerging Markets 10.2	Local Cash 7.5
	Local Equity 0.6	Local Cash 3.8	Global Bonds -13.3	Local Cash 8.0	Local Cash 8.4	Global Developed Markets 6.5
Worst ↓	Local Property -34.5	Global Bonds 2.5	Global Emerging Markets -15.2	Local Equity 7.9	Global Bonds -0.1	Global Bonds -5.4
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD

Legend:

- Local Equity (Blue)
- Local Cash (Green)
- Global Bonds (Orange)
- Local Property (Grey)
- Global Emerging Markets (Pink)
- Local Bonds (Purple)
- Global Developed Markets (Yellow)

## Market summary

- Local equity markets ended the month with up +4.6%. The Financials sector led with +7.3%. This was supported by notable gains from Firstrand Ltd (+11.4%) and Standard Bank Ltd (+10.2%). The Resources sector added 5.6%, the Industrials sector +1.9% and the Local Property sectors +0.1% for the month.
- Local cash delivered a return of +0.6% for the month, lagging local bonds at +2.7%.
- The MSCI Emerging Markets Index returned +3.0% USD for the month ahead of the developed market counterpart. China's central bank kept its key lending rates unchanged for seventh consecutive month in December as anticipated by the investors.
- The MSCI World Index gained a return of +0.8% USD for the month. The US annual inflation rate in December dropped to +2.7%, which was below expectations and marking the lowest level since July of the same year. The US Federal Reserve lowered interest rates by 25 basis points within a range of 3.5% to 3.75% in line with market consensus. The European Central Bank (ECB) kept their rates unchanged for the fourth consecutive time.
- The US Dollar weakened -3.0% relative to the South African Rand over the month to R16.56.
- As market volatility and economic uncertainty remain elevated, GTC remains cautious in our portfolio positioning as we navigate through this market cycle.

As of 31/12/2025

## Glossary

### Standard deviation

- Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

### Maximum drawdown

- Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

### Sharpe ratio

- Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

### Calmar ratio

- Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.