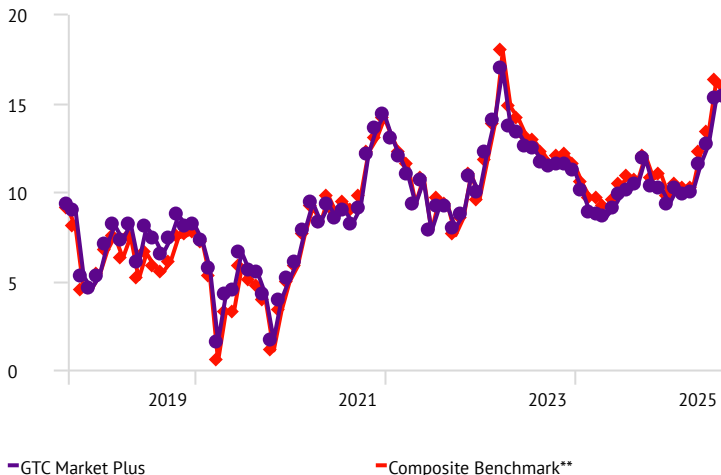


As of 31/07/2025

Rolling returns (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/07/2025

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift



Investment mandate and objectives

This is a higher risk portfolio which has a direct market focus as opposed to an inflation targeting strategy. The objective of this portfolio is to outperform a market benchmark portfolio, constructed using market indices, over rolling 10 year periods. This portfolio has been designed for capital growth through direct market exposure, accepting that there will be periods of greater volatility and market shocks from time to time. The portfolio has exposure to both local and offshore assets. The portfolio will have international equity exposure which offers diversification and a local currency hedge.

Features:

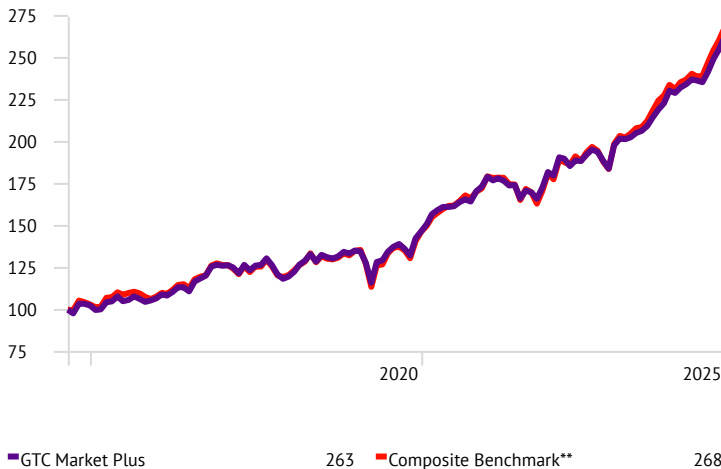
- Regulation 28 compliant
- Local and international exposure
- Multi-asset class exposure
- Maximum equity exposure

Fund facts:

Multi manager: GTC
Benchmark: Composite Benchmark**
Risk profile: High Risk

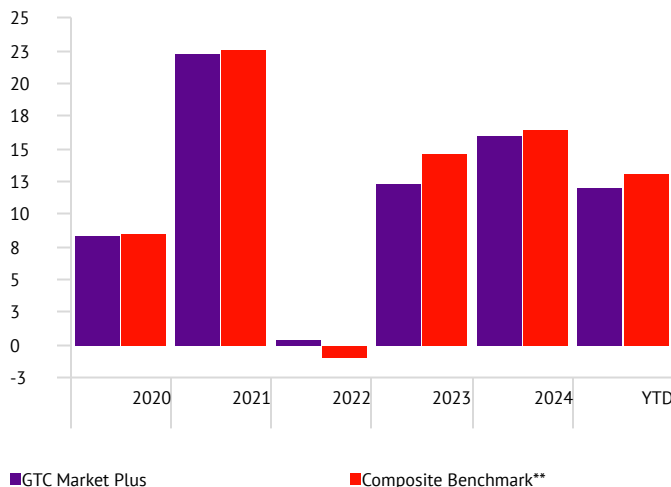
Longest history cumulative performance (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/07/2025



Calendar year returns (%)

As of Date: 31/07/2025



Performance (%)

	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Market Plus	10.99	13.82	15.37	19.70
Composite Benchmark**	11.44	14.38	15.96	19.31

*Annualised

**Composite Benchmark: 40% Capped SWIX, 5% SWIX, 14% Bonds, 1% Cash, 5% Property, 26% MSCI World ESG and 9% MSCI Emerging Markets ESG

Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows

Risk statistics: 7 years rolling (%)

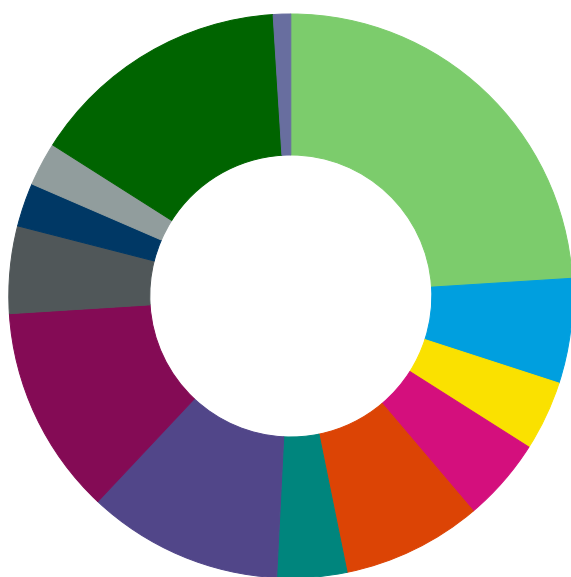
Time Period: 01/08/2018 to 31/07/2025

	Return	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
GTC Market Plus	10.99	10.09	0.49	-14.23
Composite Benchmark**	11.44	11.10	0.48	-16.24

As of 31/07/2025

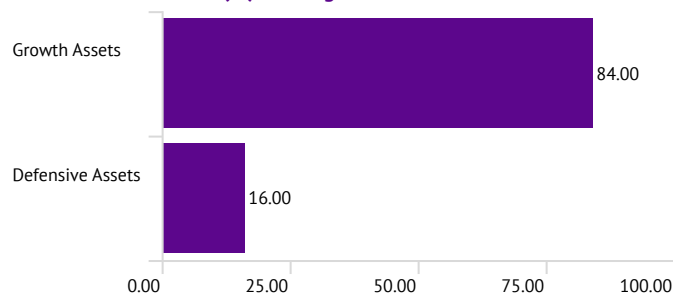
Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies

	%
WWC (Offshore Developed Passive Equity)	24.00
WWC (Offshore Emerging Passive Equity)	6.00
Coronation (Offshore Emerging Market Equity)	4.00
Aylett (Absolute Equity)	4.80
Sanlam (Passive Equity)	8.00
36One (Active Equity)	4.00
WWC (Flexible Fund)	11.20
M&G (Core Equity)	12.00
WWC (Real Estate)	5.00
36One (Hedge Fund)	2.50
Fairtree (Hedge Fund)	2.50
Aluwani (Bond Fund)	15.00
Taquanta (Money Market)	1.00
Total	100.00



Asset class	Exposure (%)
Local Equity	39.58
Local Property	5.01
Local Bond	14.51
Local Cash	1.84
Local Other	4.85
Foreign Equity	34.01
Foreign Property	0.00
Foreign Bonds	0.00
Foreign Cash	0.20
Foreign Other	0.00

Investment allocation (%): Strategies



Top 10 local equity holdings	Exposure (%)
Naspers Ltd	3.00
Firstrand Ltd	1.84
Standard Bank Group Ltd	1.65
Prosus NV	1.54
Anglogold Ashanti Ltd	1.50
MTN Group Ltd	1.39
ABSA Group Ltd	1.30
Gold Fields Ltd	1.23
British American Tobacco Plc	1.13
Capitec Bank Holdings Ltd	1.12
Total	15.70

Updated quarterly

As of 31/07/2025

Market performance ranking

As of Date: 31/07/2025 Currency: Rand

Best	Global Emerging Markets 24.0	Local Property 36.9	Local Cash 5.2	Global Developed Markets 34.0	Local Property 29.0	Local Equity 18.7
	Global Developed Markets 21.5	Global Developed Markets 32.9	Local Equity 4.4	Global Emerging Markets 18.9	Global Developed Markets 21.9	Global Emerging Markets 12.6
	Global Bonds 15.4	Local Equity 27.1	Local Bonds 4.3	Global Bonds 13.9	Local Bonds 17.2	Local Property 10.3
	Local Bonds 8.6	Local Bonds 8.4	Local Property 0.5	Local Property 10.1	Local Equity 13.4	Local Bonds 9.5
	Local Cash 5.5	Global Emerging Markets 6.3	Global Developed Markets -13.2	Local Bonds 9.7	Global Emerging Markets 10.2	Global Developed Markets 6.3
	Local Equity 0.6	Local Cash 3.8	Global Bonds -13.3	Local Cash 8.0	Local Cash 8.4	Local Cash 4.4
Worst	Local Property -34.5	Global Bonds 2.5	Global Emerging Markets -15.2	Local Equity 7.9	Global Bonds -0.1	Global Bonds 1.0
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD

Local Equity
Local Cash
Global Bonds

Local Property
Global Emerging Markets

Local Bonds
Global Developed Markets

Market summary

- South African Monetary Policy Eases:** The South African Reserve Bank (SARB) cut the benchmark repo rate by 25 basis points to 7% in July, a move aimed at supporting economic growth. Governor Lesetja Kganyago also announced a new 3% inflation anchor for future forecasts.
- Local Equities Show Strength:** South African equities concluded July with a positive return of +2.2%. This performance was largely driven by a +5.2% gain in the Resources sector. Financials and Industrials also contributed positively, returning +1.4% and +1.2% respectively. The local property sector continued its upward trend, posting a +4.8% return.
- Local Fixed Income Performance:** Local bonds outperformed cash in July, returning +2.7%, while local cash investments delivered a +0.6% return. This suggests a slightly more favourable environment for longer duration bond investments over the month.
- Emerging Markets Outperformance:** The MSCI Emerging Markets Index recorded +2.0% USD for the month, ahead of its developed market counterpart. This was supported by positive developments in China, where improving sentiment and recovering liquidity boosted the economy. In Taiwan, sustained investor interest in artificial intelligence and continued foreign inflows provided significant support to the equity market. Overall, emerging markets showed resilience despite global trade tensions and policy uncertainties.
- Developed Markets Advance Despite Trade Uncertainty:** The MSCI World Index posted +1.3% USD in July. The US House of Representatives' approved President Trump's "Big Beautiful Bill" tax and spending package. Central banks in major developed economies largely maintained their stances, with the US Federal Reserve keeping interest rates on hold at 4.25–4.50% and the European Central Bank (ECB) holding its rate at 2%.

Glossary

Standard deviation

- Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk

Maximum drawdown

- Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

Sharpe ratio

- Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

- Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.