### As of 30/06/2025

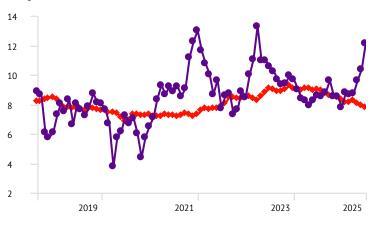


#### Rolling returns (%)

■GTC Three

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 30/06/2025

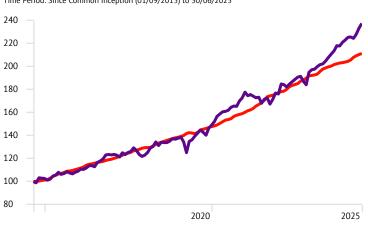
Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift



-CPI+3%

### Longest history cumulative performance (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 30/06/2025





### Performance (%)

	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Three	9.56	11.22	12.20	14.20
CPI+3%	7.83	8.32	7.83	5.83

<sup>\*</sup>Annualised

CPI is lagged by 1 month.

Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows.

### Investment mandate and objectives

The primary investment objective of the Fund is to obtain steady growth and maximum stability for capital invested. The portfolio will strive to provide investors with a minimum return in excess of inflation (CPI+3%) over a rolling 5 year period. The portfolio has exposure to both local and offshore assets

Features: Regulation 28 compliant

Local and international exposure Multi-asset class exposure Capital preservation

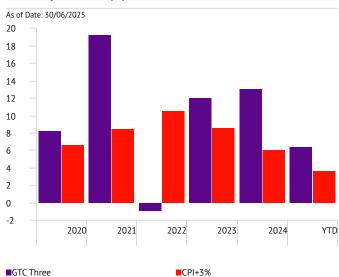
### **Fund facts:**

Multi manager: GTC

Benchmark: CPI + 3% over 5 year rolling periods

Risk profile: Moderate Risk

## Calendar year returns (%)



# Risk statistics: 5 years rolling (%)

Time Period: 01/07/2020 to 30/06/2025

	Return	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
GTC Three	11.22	5.94	0.89	-5.82
Composite Benchmark*	11.75	6.58	0.88	-6.02

\*Composite Benchmark: 19% Capped SWIX, 2% SWIX, 25% Bonds, 2% Property, 17% Cash, 4% FTSE WGBI, 23% MSCI World ESG and 8% MSCI Emerging Markets ESG



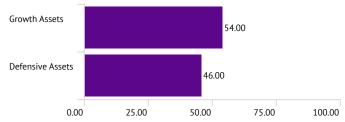


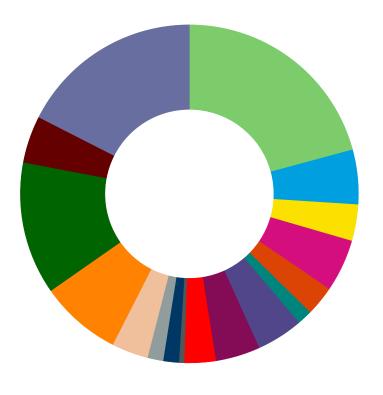
# **Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies**

	%
• WWC (Offshore Developed Passive Equity)	20.80
• WWC (Offshore Emerging Passive Equity)	5.22
<ul> <li>Coronation (Offshore Emerging Market Equity)</li> </ul>	3.48
Aylett (Absolute Equity)	5.02
Sanlam (Passive Equity)	2.84
• 36One (Active Equity)	1.42
WWC (Flexible Fund)	4.45
●M&G (Core Equity)	4.26
Prescient (Protected Equity)	3.00
• WWC (Real Estate)	0.50
• 360ne (Hedge Fund)	1.50
• Fairtree (Hedge Fund)	1.50
• SEI (Offshore Bonds)	3.50
Coronation (Absolute Bond)	7.80
Aluwani (Bond Fund)	12.70
WWC (Passive Inflation Linked Bond)	4.50
Taquanta (Money Market)	17.50
Total	100.00

Asset class	Exposure (%)		
Local Equity	19.74		
Local Property	0.67		
Local Bond	28.74		
Local Cash	12.63		
Local Other	3.04		
Foreign Equity	30.61		
Foreign Property	0.00		
Foreign Bonds	3.51		
Foreign Cash	1.05		
Foreign Other	0.00		

# Investment allocation (%): Strategies





Top 10 local equity holdings	Exposure (%)
Naspers Ltd	1.43
Firstrand Ltd	0.94
Standard Bank Group Ltd	0.83
British American Tobacco Plc	0.66
Prosus NV	0.66
Anglogold Ashanti Ltd	0.65
MTN Group Ltd	0.60
Gold Fields Ltd	0.60
Capitec Bank Holdings Ltd	0.53
ABSA Group Ltd	0.52
Total	7.42
Updated quarterly	





### Market performance ranking

s of Date: 30/06/2025 Currency: Rand					
Global Emerging Markets	Local Property	Local Cash	Global Developed Markets 63.4	Local Property	Local Equity
24.0	36.9	5.2		29.0	16.1
Global Developed Markets	Global Developed Markets	Local Equity	Local Property	Global Developed Markets	Global Emerging Markets
21.5	32.9	4.4	42.0	21.9	8.6
Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Local Bonds	Local Bonds
15.4	27.1	4.3	31.0	17.2	6.6
Local Bonds	Local Bonds	Local Property	Local Bonds	Local Equity	Local Property
8.6	8.4	0.5	28.5	13.4	5.3
Local Cash	Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets -13.2	Local Equity	Global Emerging Markets	Local Cash
5.5	6.3		22.3	10.2	3.8
Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Bonds	Local Cash	Local Cash	Global Developed Markets 3.1
0.6	3.8	-13.3	17.1	8.4	
Local Property	Global Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Global Bonds	Global Bonds	Global Bonds
-34.5	2.5	-15.2	13.7	-0.1	1.0
2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD
Local Equity ■ Local Property  Local Cash ■ Global Emerging Markets  Global Bonds			<ul><li>Local Bonds</li><li>Global Developed Markets</li></ul>		

### Market summary

- South Africa's economy stagnated in the first quarter of 2025, recording a +0.1% GDP growth, as strong gains in agriculture were offset by contractions in mining, manufacturing, and utilities.
- Local equity markets ended the month with up +2.2%. The Resources sector led with a +4.8% gain. The Industrials sector rose +2.5%, supported by performances from Naspers (+6.8%) and MTN (+12.7%). The Financials sector rose +0.8%, while local property ended the month in negative territory at -0.9%.
- Local cash delivered a return of +0.6% for the month, while local bonds returned +2.3%.
- The MSCI Emerging Markets Index recorded +6.0% for the month ahead of the developed market counterpart. The People's Bank of China (PBoC) kept its key lending rate unchanged at a record low of 3.0% in June, in line with market expectations.
- The MSCI World Index gained +4.3% for the month. In the US, the Federal Reserve held the federal funds rate steady at 4.25%–4.50% for the fourth consecutive time in the June meeting. The Bank of England voted 6–3 to keep the Bank Rate unchanged at 4.25%, while the European Central Bank (ECB) opted to ease policy, cutting its key interest rate by 0.25% to 2.15%.
- As market volatility and economic uncertainty remain elevated, GTC remains cautious in our portfolio positioning as we navigate through this market cycle.

### As of 30/06/2025



#### Glossary

### Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

### Maximum drawdown

• Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

# Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

### Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.