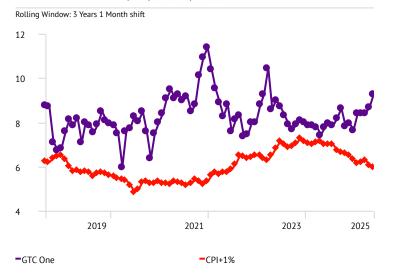
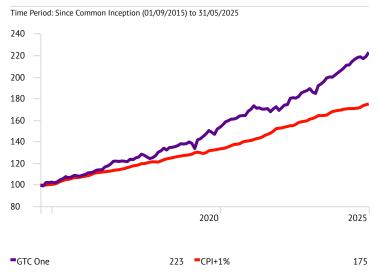
As of 31/05/2025

Rolling returns (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/05/2025



Longest history cumulative performance (%)



Performance (%)

| | 7 Yr* | 5 Yr* | 3 Yr* | 1 Yr |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| GTC One | 8.81 | 9.30 | 9.30 | 10.43 |
| CPI+1% | 5.82 | 6.15 | 6.00 | 3.83 |

^{*}Annualised

CPI is lagged by 1 month. Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows

Investment mandate and objectives

The objective of this portfolio is to outperform the CPI + 1% target over rolling 3 year periods with a reduced probability of negative returns over rolling 12-month periods. The portfolio has been designed for capital protection through reduced volatility. The portfolio has exposure to both local and offshore assets. The portfolio utilizes asset allocation and downside protection to deliver consistent positive returns through most market conditions.

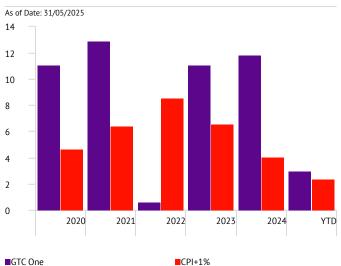
Regulation 28 compliant Local and international exposure Multi-asset class exposure Capital preservation

Fund facts:

Features:

| Multi manager: | GTC |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Benchmark: | CPI + 1% over 3 year rolling periods |
| Risk profile: | Low Risk |

Calendar year returns (%)



Risk statistics: 3 years rolling (%)

Time Period: 01/06/2022 to 31/05/2025

| | Return | Std Dev | Sharpe Ratio | Max Drawdown |
|----------------------|--------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|
| GTC One | 9.30 | 4.15 | 0.45 | -2.38 |
| Composite Benchmark* | 10.79 | 5.37 | 0.62 | -2.82 |

*Composite Benchmark: 5% Capped SWIX, 33% Bonds, 30% Cash, 5% FTSE WGBI, 20% MSCI World ESG and 7% MSCI EM ESG



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Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies

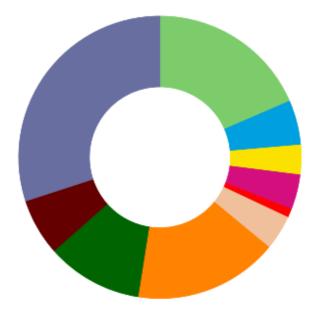
| | % |
|--|--------|
| • WWC (Offshore Developed Passive Equity) | 18.50 |
| WWC (Offshore Emerging Passive Equity) | 5.10 |
| Coronation (Offshore Emerging Market Equity) | 3.40 |
| • Aylett (Absolute Equity) | 4.00 |
| Prescient (Protected Equity) | 1.00 |
| SEI (Offshore Bonds) | 4.00 |
| Coronation (Absolute Bond) | 16.50 |
| • Aluwani (Bond Fund) | 11.00 |
| • WWC (Passive Inflation Linked Bond) | 6.50 |
| • Taquanta (Money Market) | 30.00 |
| Total | 100.00 |

| Asset class | Exposure (%) |
|------------------|--------------|
| Local Equity | 4.66 |
| Local Property | 0.04 |
| Local Bond | 40.91 |
| Local Cash | 22.65 |
| Local Other | 0.00 |
| Foreign Equity | 27.02 |
| Foreign Property | 0.00 |
| Foreign Bonds | 4.29 |
| Foreign Cash | 0.43 |
| Foreign Other | 0.00 |

Investment allocation (%): Strategies



| Top 10 local equity holdings | Exposure (%) |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| British American Tobacco Plc | 0.25 |
| Standard Bank Group Ltd | 0.20 |
| Reinet Investments SCA | 0.20 |
| Firstrand Ltd | 0.19 |
| Anglo American Plc | 0.19 |
| Anheuser-Busch InBev | 0.18 |
| Remgro Ltd | 0.18 |
| We Buy Cars Holdings Ltd | 0.18 |
| BHP Group Ltd | 0.17 |
| Super Group Ltd | 0.16 |
| Total | 1.90 |
| Updated quarterly | |





Market performance ranking

| | Global Emerging Markets | Local Property | Local Cash | Global Developed Markets | Local Property | Local Equity |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| | 24.0 | 36.9 | 5.2 | 34.0 | 29.0 | 13.7 |
| | Global Developed Markets | Global Developed Markets | Local Equity | Global Emerging Markets | Global Developed Markets | Local Property |
| | 21.5 | 32.9 | 4.4 | 18.9 | 21.9 | 6.2 |
| | Global Bonds | Local Equity | Local Bonds | Global Bonds | Local Bonds | Local Bonds |
| | 15.4 | 27.1 | 4.3 | 13.9 | 17.2 | 4.2 |
| | Local Bonds | Local Bonds | Local Property | Local Property | Local Equity | Global Emerging Markets |
| | 8.6 | 8.4 | 0.5 | 10.1 | 13.4 | 4.1 |
| | Local Cash | Global Emerging Markets | Global Developed Markets | Local Bonds | Global Emerging Markets | Local Cash |
| | 5.5 | 6.3 | -13.2 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 3.2 |
| | Local Equity | Local Cash | Global Bonds | Local Cash | Local Cash | Global Bonds |
| | 0.6 | 3.8 | -13.3 | 8.0 | 8.4 | 0.8 |
| | Local Property | Global Bonds | Global Emerging Markets | Local Equity | Global Bonds | Global Developed Markets |
| | -34.5 | 2.5 | -15.2 | 7.9 | -0.1 | 0.4 |
| Ī | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | YTD |
| | ocal Equity ocal Cash | | Local Property Global Emerging Markets | | Local Bonds Global Developed Markets | |

Market summary

- The South Africa's National Budget was approved with key revisions including the country's economic outlook, revised growth projections, rising debt servicing costs, the withdrawal of proposed VAT increases, and the continuation of the social relief grant. To offset the removal of the VAT hike, inflation adjusted fuel taxes was passed through. The South African Reserve Bank (SARB) cut interest rate by 0.25% to 7.25%, in line with expectations. The SARB stated that the cut aims to support a slowing economy.
- Local equities ended the month up +3.0%, supported by contributions across all major sectors. The Resources sector returned +2.3%, driven by notable gains from Sibanye Stillwater Ltd (+27.5%). Financials delivered +2.1%, while Industrials added +3.9%, boosted by Tiger Brands' +19.4% rally. Local property continued its positive trend, posting a return of +2.3% for the month.
- Local cash ended the month +0.6% underperforming local bonds (+2.7%). This marked a second month of recovery for local bonds following four months of underperformance, as concerns around the Budget and the Government of National Unity (GNU) appeared to ease.
- The MSCI Emerging Markets Index recorded +4.3% USD for the month lagging its developed market counterpart. The temporary tariff agreement reached between the US and China during the month raised hopes of a de-escalation in trade tensions, which helped lift equity markets. This also eased concerns about a potential US recession. The positive sentiment was especially beneficial for the Taiwanese and Korean index markets, which were supported by the renewed investor optimism surrounding artificial intelligence.
- The MSCI World Index had a return of +5.9% USD for the month. The US Federal Reserve maintained its key interest rate within the range of 4.25%–4.5%. Fed Chair Jerome Powell acknowledged rising risks of both higher unemployment and inflation but emphasised that the current policy rate provides the flexibility to respond appropriately if needed. The Bank of England lowered its key interest rate by 0.25% to 4.25% in May, in line with market expectations.



As of 31/05/2025

Glossary

Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

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Maximum drawdown

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.