As of 31/01/2025



Rolling returns (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/01/2025

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift

20

15

10

2021

■GTC Market Plus

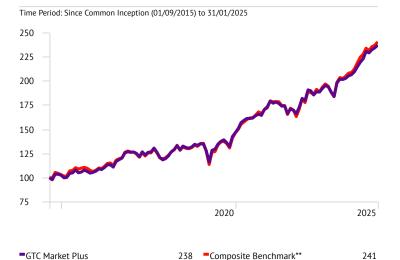
Composite Benchmark**

2023

2025

Longest history cumulative performance (%)

2019



Performance (%)

	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Market Plus	9.41	11.99	10.25	17.66
Composite Benchmark**	9.62	12.16	10.48	18.76

^{*}Annualised

Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows

Investment mandate and objectives

This is a higher risk portfolio which has a direct market focus as opposed to an inflation targeting strategy. The objective of this portfolio is to outperform a market benchmark portfolio, constructed using market indices, over rolling 10 year periods. This portfolio has been designed for capital growth through direct market exposure, accepting that there will be periods of greater volatility and market shocks from time to time. The portfolio has exposure to both local and offshore assets. The portfolio will have international equity exposure which offers diversification and a local currency hedge.

Features: Regulation 28 compliant

Local and international exposure Multi-asset class exposure Maximum equity exposure

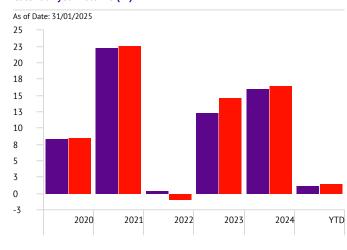
Fund facts:

Multi manager: GTC

Benchmark: Composite Benchmark**

Risk profile: High Risk

Calendar year returns (%)



Risk statistics: 7 years rolling (%)

Time Period: 01/02/2018 to 31/01/2025

■GTC Market Plus

	Return	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
GTC Market Plus	9.41	10.26	0.33	-14.23
Composite Benchmark**	9.62	11.27	0.32	-16.24

■Composite Benchmark**

^{**}Composite Benchmark: 40% Capped SWIX, 5% SWIX, 14% Bonds, 1% Cash, 5% Property, 26% MSCI World ESG and 9% MSCI Emerging Markets ESG



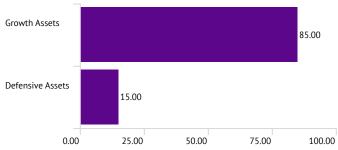


Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies

	%
WWC (Offshore Developed Passive Equity)	24.50
• WWC (Offshore Emerging Passive Equity)	6.30
Coronation (Offshore Emerging Market Equity)	4.20
• Aylett (Absolute Equity)	4.80
Sanlam (Passive Equity)	8.00
• 36One (Active Equity)	4.00
• WWC (Flexible Fund)	11.20
M&G (Core Equity)	12.00
• WWC (Real Estate)	5.00
● 36One (Hedge Fund)	2.50
Fairtree (Hedge Fund)	2.50
• Aluwani (Bond Fund)	14.00
Taquanta (Money Market)	1.00
Total	100.00

Asset class	Exposure (%)
Local Equity	38.38
Local Property	5.41
Local Bond	13.46
Local Cash	1.31
Local Other	4.71
Foreign Equity	36.06
Foreign Property	0.00
Foreign Bonds	0.00
Foreign Cash	0.67
Foreign Other	0.00

Investment allocation (%): Strategies



Top 10 local equity holdings	Exposure (%)
Naspers Ltd	3.01
Firstrand Ltd	2.01
Standard Bank Group Ltd	1.69
ABSA Group Ltd	1.46
British American Tobacco Plc	1.38
Anglo American Plc	1.20
Prosus NV	1.15
Capitec Bank Holdings Ltd	0.99
MTN Group Ltd	0.90
Bid Corporation Ltd	0.79
Total	14.58
Updated quarterly	



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As of 31/01/2025

Market performance ranking

As of Date: 31/01/2025 Currency: Rand						
Best	Global Emerging Markets 24.0	Local Property 36.9	Local Cash 5.2	Global Developed Markets 34.0	Local Property 29.0	Local Equity 2.6
	Global Developed Markets 21.5	Global Developed Markets 32.9	Local Equity 4.4	Global Emerging Markets 18.9	Global Developed Markets 21.9	Global Developed Markets 2.3
	Global Bonds 15.4	Local Equity 27.1	Local Bonds 4.3	Global Bonds 13.9	Local Bonds 17.2	Local Cash 0.7
	Local Bonds 8.6	Local Bonds 8.4	Local Property 0.5	Local Property 10.1	Local Equity 13.4	Global Emerging Markets 0.6
	Local Cash 5.5	Global Emerging Markets 6.3	Global Developed Markets -13.2	Local Bonds 9.7	Global Emerging Markets 10.2	Local Bonds 0.4
	Local Equity 0.6	Local Cash 3.8	Global Bonds -13.3	Local Cash 8.0	Local Cash 8.4	Global Bonds -0.7
WOIST	Local Property -34.5	Global Bonds 2.5	Global Emerging Markets -15.2	Local Equity 7.9	Global Bonds -0.1	Local Property -2.3
Š	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	YTD
	ocal Equity					

Market summary

- The South African Reserve Bank (SARB) further reduced the repo rate by 25 basis points to 7.75%. The Governor of the SARB, Kganyago, confirmed that the MPC is also monitoring the potential impact of a global trade war amid rising tariff threats from newly elected U.S. President Donald Trump.
- Local equities ended the month with a return of +2.6%, driven by a +17.9% rally in the Resources sector on the back of Harmony Gold (+42.3%), Anglo Ashanti (+34.3%) and Kumba Iron Ore (+19.1%). Financials had a negative return of -2.7% affected by weakness in banking counters such as Capitec (-5.2%) and Investec Ltd (-4.9%). Industrials returned +0.53% with local property down -2.3%.
- The local bonds earned +0.44% despite facing pressures in the first half of January due to a shift in investor sentiment against emerging markets.
- The MSCI Emerging Markets Index delivered +1.8% USD for the month, lagging its developed market counterpart, the MSCI World Index, which returned +3.5% USD. Emerging markets faced pressure amid elevated geopolitical tensions as the Trump administration's announcement of tariffs on imports from Canada, Mexico, and China.
- As anticipated, the U.S. Federal Reserve maintained the Federal Funds rate at 4.5% during its January 2025 meeting. Fed Chair Jerome Powell
 emphasised that the central bank is in no hurry to cut rates further, choosing to rather pause and evaluate ongoing inflation progress. The European
 Central Bank (ECB) lowered its key interest rates by 0.25% in January 2025, as expected, reducing the deposit facility rate to 2.75%.



As of 31/01/2025

Glossary

Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk

Maximum drawdown

• Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.