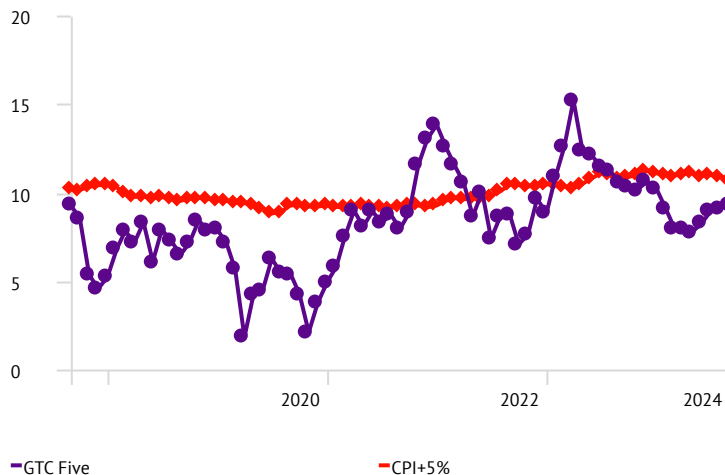


As of 31/08/2024

Rolling returns (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/08/2024

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift



Investment mandate and objectives

The objective of this portfolio is to outperform the CPI + 5% target over a rolling 7 year period. The portfolio has exposure to both local and offshore assets. This portfolio has been designed for capital growth through direct market exposure but with some limited downside protection.

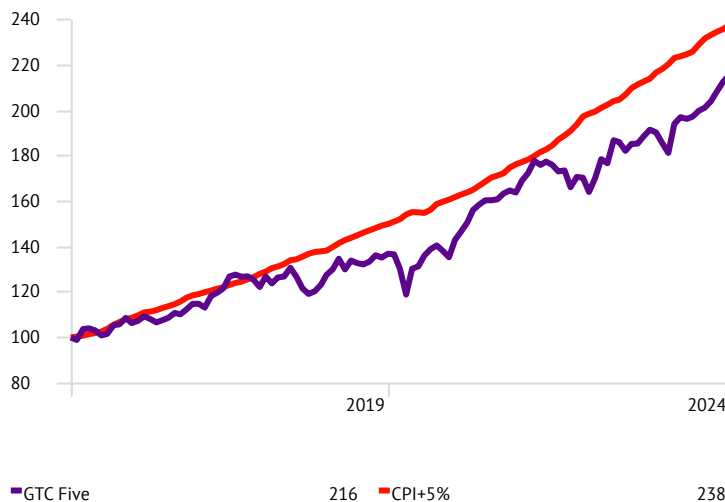
Features: Regulation 28 compliant
Multi-asset class exposure
Local and International exposure

Fund facts:

Multi manager: GTC
Benchmark: CPI + 5% over a 7 year rolling period
Risk profile: Moderate to High Risk

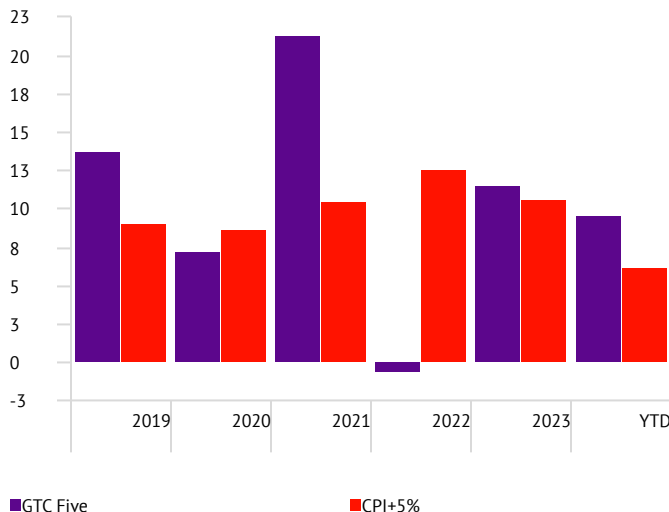
Longest history cumulative performance (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/08/2024



Calendar year returns (%)

As of Date: 31/08/2024



Performance (%)

	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Five	8.78	10.30	9.40	13.35
CPI+5%	10.07	10.22	10.78	9.69

*Annualised
CPI is lagged by 1 month.
Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees.
Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows

Risk statistics: 7 years rolling (%)

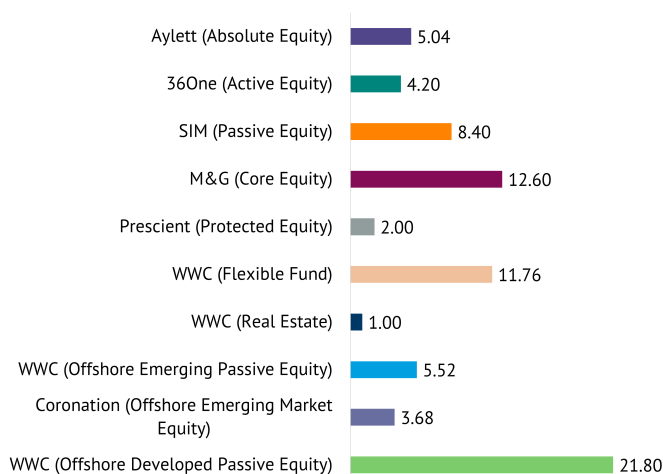
Time Period: 01/09/2017 to 31/08/2024

	Return	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
GTC Five	8.78	9.53	0.30	-13.13
Composite Benchmark*	9.30	10.57	0.32	-15.10

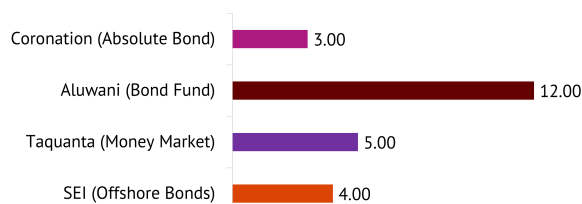
*Composite Benchmark: 2% Property, 41% Cappedd SWIX, 14% Bonds, 8% Cash, 4% FTSE WGBI, 23% MSCI World ESG and 8% MSCI Emerging Markets ESG

As of 31/08/2024

Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies Equity and Real Estate (%)



Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies Fixed Income (%)



Asset class	Exposure (%)
Local Equity	46.81
Local Property	1.66
Local Bond	15.64
Local Cash	3.03
Local Other	0.00
Foreign Equity	28.40
Foreign Property	0.00
Foreign Bonds	3.52
Foreign Cash	0.94
Foreign Other	0.00

Top 10 local equity holdings	Exposure (%)
Naspers Ltd	3.34
Firstrand Ltd	2.46
Standard Bank Group Ltd	2.08
Prosus NV	1.53
British American Tobacco Plc	1.52
Anglo American Plc	1.42
ABSA Group Ltd	1.41
Gold Fields Ltd	1.16
Capitec Bank Holdings Ltd	1.06
Reinet Investments SCA	1.00
Total	16.98

Updated quarterly

Market performance ranking

As of Date: 31/08/2024 Currency: South African Rand



■ Local Equity
 ■ Local Property
 ■ Local Bonds
■ Local Cash
 ■ Global Emerging Markets
 ■ Global Developed Markets
■ Global Bonds

For more detailed commentary please click on the following link: <https://gtc.co.za/news/publications/gtc-trendline/>

As of 31/08/2024

Market summary

- Local equities, as measured by the JSE All Share SWIX index, ended the month up +1.3%, driven by the Financials (+5.7%) and Industrials (+4.0%) sectors as Mr Price, ABSA, MTN and Telkom saw gains. The local property sector rose by +8.3% this month, driven by continued strength in Growthpoint (+14.3%) and Redefine (+11.7%).
- The Resources sector came under pressure, detracting -9.7%, amid poor global metal demand impacting company earnings. Despite positive returns for Gold (+2.3% USD), the sell-off in Gold Fields pulled the broader SA Gold mining sector down over the month.
- South Africa's annual inflation rate eased to a three-year low of 4.6% (year-on-year to the end of July 2024), down from 5.1% the previous month and in-line with the central bank's target level of 4.5%. South Africa's unemployment rate increased to 33.5% at the end of the second quarter of 2024, up from 32.9% in the previous quarter.
- Local bonds (JSE ALBI) earned +2.4% over the month, well ahead of local cash (STEFI Composite) at +0.7% and in-line with offshore bonds (FTSE WGBI) which came in at +2.3% USD. Offshore bond's gain was offset by the +2.4% Rand strength against the US Dollar over the month.
- The MSCI Emerging Markets equity index gained +1.6% USD but lagged the developed market MSCI World Index which was up 2.6% USD. Remarks by US Federal Reserve, at the Jackson Hole conference, prompted markets to anticipate a higher probability of a larger interest rate cut in September adding to the risk-on sentiment.

Glossary

Standard deviation

- Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

Maximum drawdown

- Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

Sharpe ratio

- Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

- Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.