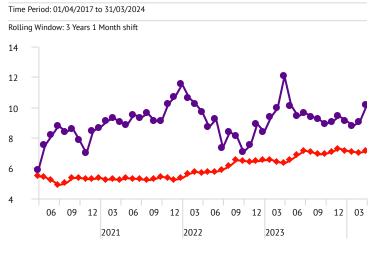
GTC Passive One

As of 31/03/2024

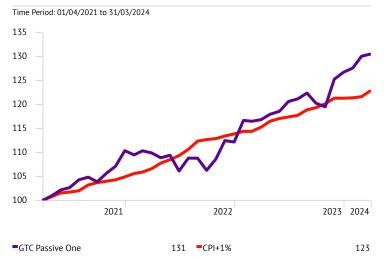
Rolling returns (%)



GTC Passive One

-CPI+1%

3 Year cumulative performance history (%)



Performance (%)

	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Passive One	9.33	9.41	9.29	11.72
CPI+1%	6.00	6.36	7.12	6.63

*Annualised

CPI is lagged by 1 month. Returns are gross of fees.

Please note that this document is an INFORMATION SHEET meant only for illustrative purposes and is not a fund fact sheet.

Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance.

DGTC consult • partner • manage

Investment mandate and objectives

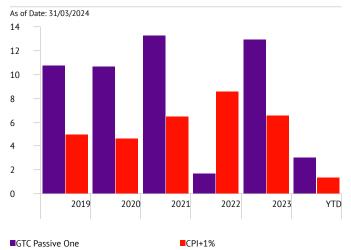
The portfolio employs a rule based (passive) investment strategy. The GTC Passive One fund comprises of both local and international asset classes, with a low exposure to equities. The fund is Regulation 28 compliant and aims to outperform inflation plus 1% over rolling 3 year periods, with no negative rolling 12 month period. The portfolio has been designed for capital protection through reduced volatility.

The portfolio utilizes asset allocation and downside protection to deliver consistent positive returns through most market conditions. The portfolio has international exposure of between 15% and 20%, which offers diversification and a local currency hedge.

Features:	Regulation 28 compliant Local and international exposure
	Multi-asset class exposure Capital preservation

Fund facts:

Multi manager:	GTC
Benchmark:	CPI + 1% over 3 year rolling periods
Risk profile:	Low Risk



Calendar year returns (%)

Risk statistics: 3 years rolling (%)

Time Period: 01/04/2021 to 31/03/2024

	Return	Tracking Error	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
GTC Passive One	9.29	1.01	0.61	-3.83
Composite Benchmark*	8.96	0.00	0.58	-3.38

*Composite Benchmark: 0.5% Property, 7.5% Capped SWIX, 32.5% Bonds, 29.5% Cash, 4.5% FTSE WGBI, 18% MSCI World ESG and 7.5% MSCI Emerging Markets ESG. Tracking error reflected is against the Composite Benchmark.

GTC Passive One

As of 31/03/2024

Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies Investment allocation: Managers and Strategies Equity and Real Estate (%) Fixed Income (%) Prescient (Protected Equity) 4.00 Aluwani (Bond Fund) WWC (Offshore Emerging Passive Equity) 8.70 WWC (Passive Inflation Linked Bond) 6.50 WWC (Offshore Developed Passive Equity) 17.30 Taquanta (Money Market) SEI (Offshore Bonds) 4.00



26.50

33.00

Asset class Tactical exposure(%) Local Equity Local Bond Local Inflation Linked Bond Local Property Local Cash Offshore Equity Offshore Bond

Total

Market performance ranking

As of Date: 31/03/2024 Currency: South African Rand

Global Developed Markets	Global Emerging Markets	Local Property	Local Cash	Global Developed Markets	Global Developed Markets
24.1	24.0	36.9	5.2	34.0	12.5
Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets	Global Developed Markets	Local Equity	Global Emerging Markets	Global Emerging Markets
15.1	21.5	32.9	4.4	18.9	5.5
Local Bonds	Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Bonds	Global Bonds	Local Property
10.3	15.4	27.1	4.3	13.9	3.8
Local Cash	Local Bonds	Local Bonds	Local Property	Local Property	Local Cash
7.3	8.6	8.4	0.5	10.1	2.0
Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets -13.2	Local Bonds	Global Bonds
6.8	5.5	6.3		9.7	0.9
Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Bonds	Local Cash	Local Bonds
2.9	0.6	3.8	-13.3	8.0	-1.8
Local Property	Local Property	Global Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Local Equity	Local Equity
1.9	-34.5	2.5	-15.2	7.9	-2.3
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	YTD

Local Equity Local Cash Global Bonds Local Property Global Emerging Markets Local Bonds Global Developed Markets

4.00 26.50 6.50

> 0.00 33.00

> 26.00

4.00

100.00

%

GTC Passive One



As of 31/03/2024

Market summary

- Local equity markets ended the month up +2.9%, on the back of a 15.4% rally in the Resources sector. Industrials were positive with +2.6% while the Financials and Listed Property sectors contracted -3.5% and -1.0% respectively.
- South African headline inflation (CPI) increased slightly to +5.6% in February 2024. While it remains within the reserve bank's target range of 3% 6%, we are trending towards the upper limit.
- The local bond market (ALBI) delivered -1.9% for the month well behind local cash (STEFI) at +0.6% amid an increase in yields.
- Developed market equities (+3.2%) outperformed Emerging market equities (+2.5%) over the month in US dollar terms. The dollar weakened -1.1% relative to the rand, detracting from offshore assets' rand-based return. In Rand terms, the local equity market outperformed both the Developed and Emerging equity markets.
- As market volatility and economic uncertainty remain elevated, GTC remains cautious in our portfolio positioning as we navigate through this market cycle.

Glossary

Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

Maximum drawdown

 Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.