GTC Shari'ah

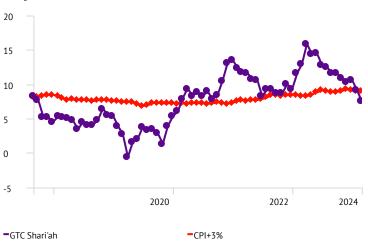
As of 29/02/2024



Rolling returns (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 29/02/2024

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift



Longest history cumulative performance (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 29/02/2024



Performance (%)

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	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Shari'ah	7.23	8.31	7.60	4.06
CPI+3%	8.01	8.32	9.02	8.32

CPI+3%

Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows.

Investment mandate and objectives

This is a prudential fund that invests in other funds to provide investors with an opportunity to hold a wide range of underlying asset classes within the ethical parameters of Shari'ah governed investments.

Please note that none of the portfolios described above offer guaranteed investment returns and the member assumes the investment risk. The actual investment returns, positive or negative, are passed onto the member.

Features: Regulation 28 compliant

Shari'ah compliant
Capital growth
Capital preservation
Multi asset class

Local and international exposure

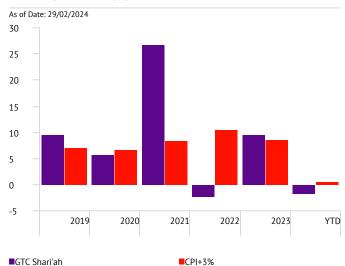
Fund facts:

Multi manager: GTC

Benchmark: CPI + 3% over 5 year rolling periods

Risk profile: Moderate risk

Calendar year returns (%)



Risk statistics: 5 years rolling (%)

193

Time Period: 01/03	/2019 to 29/02/202	4		
	Return	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
GTC Shari'ah	8.31	9.03	0.33	-13.46

^{*}Annualised

CPI is lagged by 1 month.

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Investment allocation: Managers (%)



Market performance ranking

of Date: 29/02/2024 Currency: S	outh African Rand Global Emerging Markets	Local Property	Local Cash	Global Developed Markets	Global Developed Markets
24.1	24.0	36.9	5.2	34.0	10.3
Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets	Global Developed Markets	Local Equity	Global Emerging Markets	Local Property
15.1	21.5	32.9	4.4	18.9	4.9
Local Bonds	Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Bonds	Global Bonds	Global Emerging Markets
10.3	15.4	27.1	4.3	13.9	4.4
Local Cash	Local Bonds	Local Bonds	Local Property	Local Property	Global Bonds
7.3	8.6	8.4	0.5	10.1	1.6
Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets	Local Bonds	Local Cash
6.8	5.5	6.3	-13.2	9.7	1.4
Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Bonds	Local Cash	Local Bonds
2.9	0.6	3.8	-13.3	8.0	0.1
Local Property	Local Property	Global Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Local Equity	Local Equity
1.9	-34.5	2.5	-15.2	7.9	-5.0
2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	YTD
Local Equity		■ Local Property		Local Bonds	
Local Cash		Global Emerging Markets		Global Developed Markets	

Market summary

Global Bonds

- Local Equities ended the month down -2.3%, driven by weak performance from the Resources sector (-7.2%), with Thungela (-12.4%), Sasol (-11.9%), Sibanye Stillwater (-13.2%), and Glencore (-9.2%) being the largest detractors over the month of February. While the Industrial (-0.7%) and Financial (-0.8%) sectors declined over the month, they outperformed the broad based local equity market index. Listed Local Property remained the best-performing local sector over the year thus far, up +0.8% for the month and 4.9% for the current year.
- Local Cash returned +0.7% over the month, ahead of Local Bonds which declined -0.6% as yields rose amid local and global risk factors.
- Inflation in South Africa rose to 5.3%, from 5.1% the previous month. The unemployment rate increased to 32.1% in the fourth quarter of 2023, from 31.9% in the previous quarter.
- The MSCI Emerging Markets Equity index recorded a +4.8% gain over the month, an improvement from the previous month's decline. The MSCI Developed Market Equity index rose +4.2% over the month as US economic indicators continued to show resilience.
- The Bank of England (BoE) maintained its interest rate at 5.25% for the fourth consecutive month during its first meeting of 2024. The European Central Bank is likely to keep interest rates on hold too during its upcoming review meeting.

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As of 29/02/2024

Glossary

Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

Max drawdown

• Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.