GTC Shari'ah

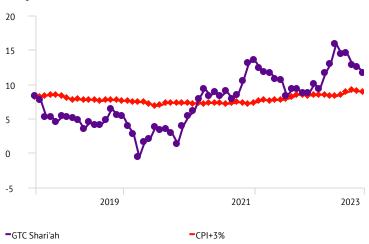
As of 31/08/2023



Rolling returns (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/08/2023

Rolling Window: 3 Years 1 Month shift



Longest history cumulative performance (%)

Time Period: Since Common Inception (01/09/2015) to 31/08/2023



Performance (%)

	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Shari'ah	7.03	7.34	11.72	9.01
CPI+3%	8.03	8.09	8.92	7.80

^{*}Annualised

CPI is lagged by 1 month.

Returns are gross of all fees except for transaction, custody, and underlying manager performance fees. Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance and individual investment returns may differ as a result of the selected client access point and cash flows.

Investment mandate and objectives

This is a prudential fund that invests in other funds to provide investors with an opportunity to hold a wide range of underlying asset classes within the ethical parameters of Shari'ah governed investments.

Please note that none of the portfolios described above offer guaranteed investment returns and the member assumes the investment risk. The actual investment returns, positive or negative, are passed onto the member.

Features: Regulation 28 compliant

Shari'ah compliant
Capital growth
Capital preservation
Multi asset class

Local and international exposure

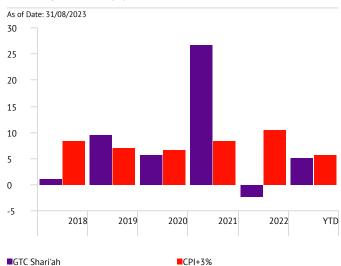
Fund facts:

Multi manager: GTC

Benchmark: CPI + 3% over 5 year rolling periods

Risk profile: Moderate risk

Calendar year returns (%)



Risk statistics: 5 years rolling (%)

	Return	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown				
GTC Shari'ah	7.34	8.87	0.25	-13.46				

GTC Shari'ah





Investment allocation: Managers (%)



Market performance ranking

•	uth African Rand				
Global Bonds	Global Developed Markets	Global Emerging Markets	Local Property	Local Cash	Global Developed Markets
15.2	24.1	24.0	36.9	5.2	29.6
Local Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets	Global Developed Markets	Local Equity	Global Emerging Markets
7.7	15.1	21.5	32.9	4.4	16.7
Local Cash	Local Bonds	Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Bonds	Global Bonds
7.3	10.3	15.4	27.1	4.3	12.2
Global Developed Markets 6.1	Local Cash	Local Bonds	Local Bonds	Local Property	Local Cash
	7.3	8.6	8.4	0.5	5.1
Global Emerging Markets -0.7	Local Equity 6.8	Local Cash 5.5	Global Emerging Markets 6.3	Global Developed Markets -13.2	Local Bonds 3.9
Local Equity	Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Bonds	Local Equity
-10.9	2.9	0.6	3.8	-13.3	2.7
Local Property	Local Property	Local Property	Global Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Local Property
-25.3	1.9	-34.5	2.5	-15.2	-1.3
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	YTD
	_				
■ Local Equity ■ Local Cash		Local PropertyGlobal Emerging Markets		Local BondsGlobal Developed Markets	

Market summary

Global Bonds

- The BRICS summit held in South Africa confirmed the extension of its membership to Argentina, Egypt, Ethiopia, United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia and Iran.
- Local equities ended the month in the red, down -4.8% as all major sectors produced negative returns. Resources experienced the most significant decline (-9.6%), primarily due to the weak performance from Gold and PGM (Platinum Group Metals) counters. Industrials declined -4.7% while Financials detracted -1.8%. Local property earned a positive +0.9% return, ahead of the local equity market.
- Local cash gained a return of 0.7% and is up by 5.1% year to date while the local bond were slightly negative (-0.2%) amid the risk off sentiment over the month.
- On the back of elevated inflation, the Bank of England implemented its 14th consecutive interest rate hike, increasing the policy rate by 0.25% to reach 5.25% in August 2023.
- Emerging Market equities fell -6.1% USD and Developed Market equites detracted -2.4% USD over the month driven by ongoing weakness in China's economy and concerns that strength in the US economy will keep interest rates higher for longer.
- Adding to global market concerns, the credit rating agency Fitch, downgraded the US Government's credit rating from AAA to AA+, citing
 unsustainable debt and increased political dysfunction.

GTC Shari'ah



As of 31/08/2023

Glossary

Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

Max drawdown

• Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.