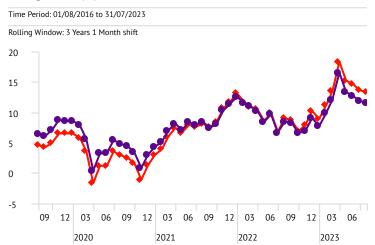
# **GTC Passive Market Plus**

As of 31/07/2023



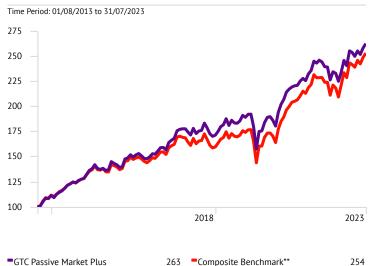
## Rolling returns (%)



■GTC Passive Market Plus

-Composite Benchmark\*\*

# 10 Year cumulative performance history (%)



■GTC Passive Market Plus

Composite Benchmark\*\*

## Performance (%)

	10 Yr*	7 Yr*	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GTC Passive Market Plus	10.15	8.15	8.31	11.56	11.97
Composite Benchmark**	9.75	7.90	8.80	13.44	14.41

<sup>\*</sup>Annualised

Returns are gross of fees.

Please note that this document is an INFORMATION SHEET meant only for illustrative purposes and is not a fund fact sheet.

Please note that past performance is not a guide to future performance.

## Investment mandate and objectives

The portfolio employs a rule based (passive) investment strategy. The objective of this portfolio is to outperform a full risk composite benchmark over a rolling 10-year period. This portfolio has been designed for maximum capital growth through a combination of local and offshore asset exposure. The portfolio's offshore exposure provides diversifiction, higher return potential and protects against local currency depreciation.

Regulation 28 compliant Features:

Full equity exposure

Local and international exposure

Capital growth

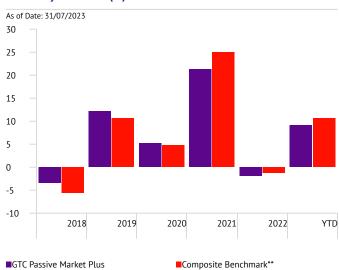
#### **Fund facts:**

Multi manager: GTC

Benchmark: Composite Benchmark\*\*

Risk profile: High Risk

### Calendar year returns (%)



# Risk statistics: 10 years rolling (%)

Time Period: 01/08/2013 to 31/07/2023

	Return	Tracking Error	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
GTC Passive Market Plus	10.15	1.49	0.45	-18.05
Composite Benchmark**	9.75	0.00	0.39	-18.63

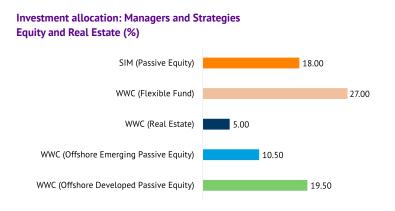
Tracking error reflected is against the Composite Benchmark.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Composite Benchmark: 45% Capped SWIX, 5% Cash, 15% Bonds, 5% Property, 21% MSCI World and 9% MSCI Emerging Markets.

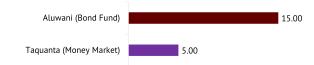
# **GTC Passive Market Plus**



### As of 31/07/2023







#### **Asset class** Tactical exposure(%) Local Equity 45.00 Local Bond 15.00 Local Inflation Linked Bond 0.00 Local Property 5.00 Local Cash 5.00 Offshore Equity 30.00 Offshore Bond 0.00 Total 100.00

## Market performance ranking

As of Date: 31/07/2023 Currency: South African Rand Global Bonds **Global Developed Markets Global Emerging Markets Local Property** Local Cash **Global Developed Markets Local Bonds Global Emerging Markets Global Developed Markets Global Developed Markets Local Equity Global Emerging Markets** Local Cash Local Bonds **Global Bonds Local Equity Local Bonds Local Equity Global Developed Markets** Local Cash **Local Bonds Local Bonds Local Property Global Bonds Local Equity Global Emerging Markets** Local Cash **Global Emerging Markets Global Developed Markets** Local Cash -13.2 **Local Equity Local Equity Local Bonds Global Bonds** Local Cash **Global Bonds** -10.9 2.9 0.6 3.8 4.1 **Global Emerging Markets Local Property Local Property Local Property Global Bonds Local Property** -25.3 -34.5 -2.2 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 YTD

Local Equity ■ Local Property ■ Local Bonds

Local Cash ■ Global Emerging Markets ■ Global Developed Markets

# **GTC Passive Market Plus**



As of 31/07/2023

### Market summary

- The South African Reserve Bank left its key repo rate unchanged at a 14-year high of +8.25% during its July 2023 meeting. The central bank however warned that the decision did not mark the end of the hiking cycle, stating that the committee would continue to monitor inflationary pressures.
- Local equities ended the month up 4.1%, with all sectors contributing positively. Financials earned +7.9%, driven primarily by Capitec and ABSA. Resources were up 3.7%, benefiting from a recovery in platinum group metals (PGMs), while Industrials (+2.6%) and listed Property (+2.3%) ended the month positive as well.
- Local cash gained 0.7% behind local bonds over the month which earned 2.3% amid strong demand for SA bonds given the attractive yield on offer.
- The slightly increased risk on sentiment contributed to the outperformance of Emerging Market equities (+6.2% USD) over its Developed Market
  equity (+3.4% USD) counterpart. Local equities outperformed both offshore markets in ZAR terms as the rand strengthened 5.9% against the dollar
  over the month.
- In its July 2023 Federal Open Market Committee meeting, the US Federal Reserve recommenced tightening of monetary policies, following a pause in June 2023, with a 25bps increase in interest rates taking the benchmark rate to 5.5%.
- The European Central Bank mirrored the US Fed by implementing a 25bps rate increase and emphasised that they would continue to assess incoming data to inform future rate decisions.

## Glossary

## Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

# Maximum drawdown

• Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

## Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

# Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.