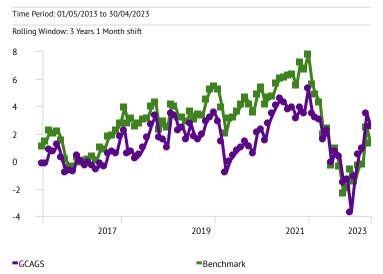
Global Conservative Absolute Growth Fund



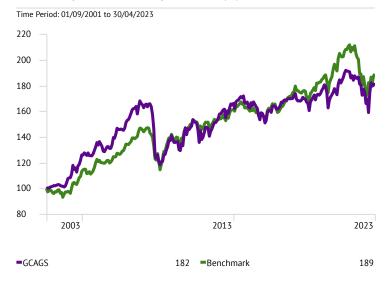
As of 30/04/2023

consult • partner • manage

Rolling returns (%)



Cumulative performance since performance (%)



Performance (%)

	SI**	5 Yr*	3 Yr*	1 Yr
GCAGS	2.79	1.58	2.57	0.45
US CPI + 3% (USD)	5.53	6.89	8.37	7.90
Benchmark	3.12	1.53	1.32	-0.08

Stated performance if after fees have been deducted

Investment mandate and objectives

The USD based international conservative balanced fund comprises diversified asset classes and investment strategies, with a low to medium exposure to equities and absolute return managers. The fund aims to outperform US CPI plus 3% over rolling 3 year periods. The fund is priced in USD.

USD based international exposure Features:

Multiple asset class exposure Diversified investment strategy

Fund facts:

Coronation Manager:

Inception date: September 2001

Moderate risk Risk profile:

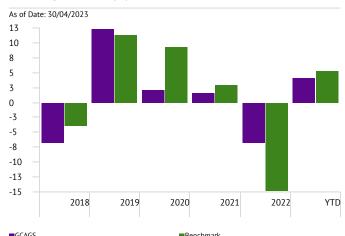
Benchmark: Composite Benchmark consists of 35% MSCI World

Index [\$], 45% FTSE World Government Bond Index

[\$], 20% US T-Bills[\$]

Target Return: US CPI+3% over rolling 3 year periods

Calendar year returns (%)



Risk statistics: 3 years rolling (%)

Time Period: 01/05/2020 to 30/04/2023						
	Return	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown		
GCAGS	2.57	9.83	-0.19	-17.15		
Benchmark	1.32	9.21	-0.34	-19.46		

^{*}Annualised

^{**} Since inception

Global Conservative Absolute Growth Fund



As of 30/04/2023



Asset allocation Portfolio Date: 30/04/2023 % Offshore Equity 21.70 Offshore Fixed Income 67.20 Offshore Property 1.30 Offshore Commodities 2.00 Offshore Cash 6.10 Offshore Infrastructure 1.70 0.00 Offshore Merger Arbitrage 100.00 Total

Top 10 local equity holdings	Exposure (%)
Heineken Holdings Nv	1.00
British American Tobacco	0.90
Alphabet Inc	0.80
Canadian Pacific Railway Ltd	0.70
Canadian National Railway Co	0.70
Airbus Group Se	0.70
Visa Inc	0.70
Microsoft Corp	0.70
Noble Corp Plc	0.70
Csx Corp	0.60
Total	7.50
Updated quarterly	

Local Bonds

Global Developed Markets

Market performance ranking

Local Equity

Global Bonds

Local Cash

Global Bonds	Global Developed Markets	Global Emerging Markets	Local Property	Local Cash	Global Developed Markets
15.2	24.1	24.0	36.9	5.2	18.2
Local Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets	Global Developed Markets 32.9	Local Equity	Global Bonds
7.7	15.1	21.5		4.4	12.0
Local Cash	Local Bonds	Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Bonds	Global Emerging Markets
7.3	10.3	15.4	27.1	4.3	10.8
Global Developed Markets	Local Cash	Local Bonds	Local Bonds	Local Property	Local Equity
6.1	7.3	8.6	8.4	0.5	6.0
Global Emerging Markets	Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Emerging Markets	Global Developed Markets -13.2	Local Cash
-0.7	6.8	5.5	6.3		2.3
Local Equity	Global Bonds	Local Equity	Local Cash	Global Bonds	Local Bonds
-10.9	2.9	0.6	3.8	-13.3	2.2
Local Property	Local Property 1.9	Local Property	Global Bonds	Global Emerging Markets	Local Property
-25.3		-34.5	2.5	-15.2	0.0
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	YTD

Local Property

Global Emerging Markets

Global Conservative Absolute Growth Fund



As of 30/04/2023

Quarterly commentary

- International equity markets had a strong quarter with developed markets earning +7.7% and emerging markets +4.0% in US dollar terms. The US dollar strengthened by +4.7% relative to the ZAR which further provided a tailwind for offshore assets' return over the quarter.
- US headline inflation (CPI) came in at 5% for the year ended February 2023 while the European Central Bank (ECB) continue to battle CPI at 9.9%. In response to elevated inflation the US FED hiked interest rates by 0.5% to 5.00% over the 3 months while the ECB increased rates by a total of 1.00 % to 3.50%.
- Overall, investor sentiment improved slightly as the hunt for yield increased over the quarter. Some reprieve was found in the global bond markets which ended the quarter up +3.5% in US dollar terms. However, the quarter's rally was not enough to off-set the deep negative return experienced in the preceding 9 months as the 1-year return remains in the red (-9.6% in dollar terms).
- As market volatility and economic uncertainty continue to be persistently elevated over the month, GTC remains cautious in our portfolio positioning as we navigate through this market cycle.

Glossary

Standard deviation

• Is a measure that is used to quantify the amount of variation or dispersion of a set of data values around the mean value. This measure is commonly known as volatility and referenced as an explicit measure of risk.

Maximum drawdown

• Is the maximum loss from a peak to a trough of a portfolio before a new peak is attained. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of downside risk over a specified time period.

Sharpe ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return, and this ratio has become the industry standard for such calculations. The Sharpe ratio is the average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. In other words, it measures how much excess return a portfolio has earned in relation to the level of risk it is exposure to. The higher the ratio the stronger the risk adjusted return.

Calmar ratio

• Is a measure for calculating risk-adjusted return. It is the average return earned per unit of capital loss risk taken in the form of maximum drawdown over a given period.